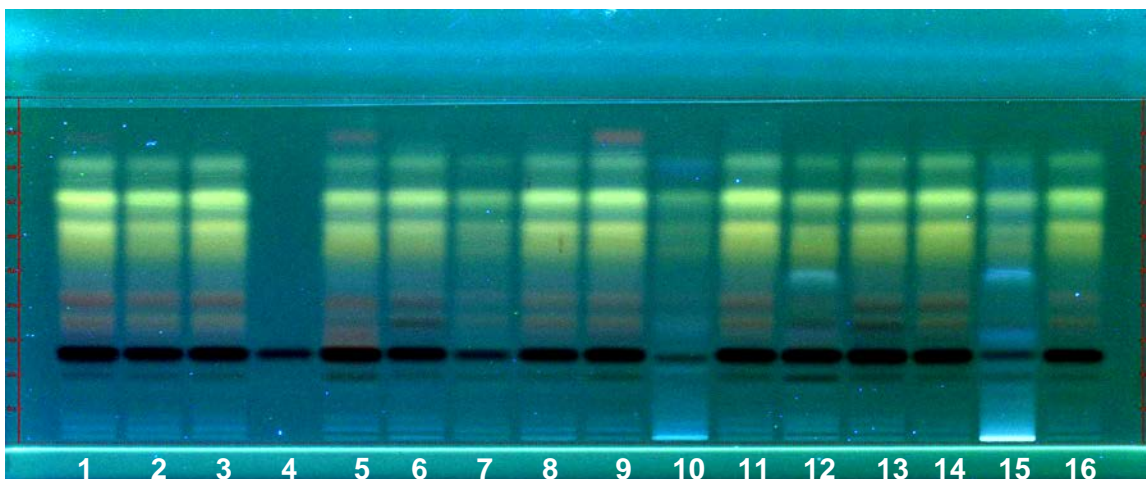
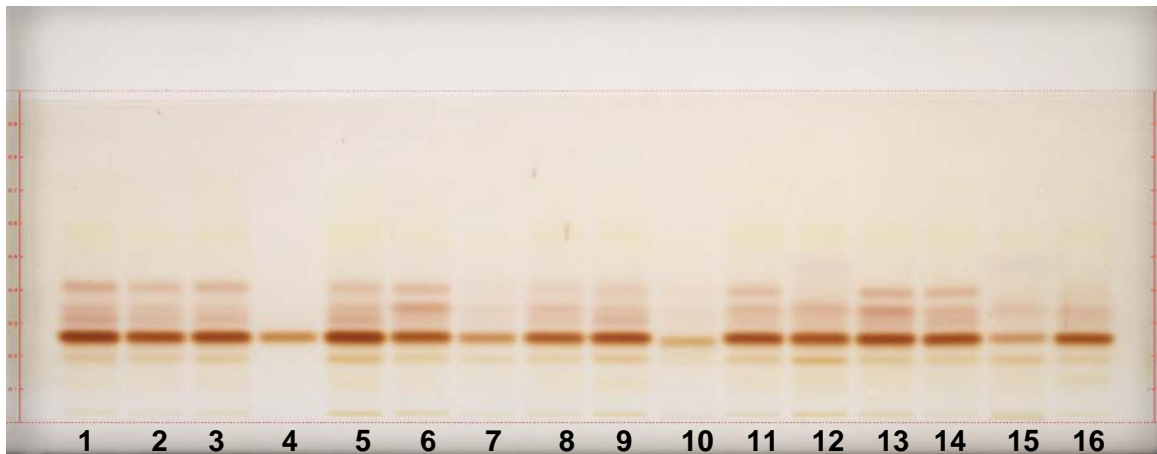


### *Trigonella foenum-graecum* Seed – Identification

#### Thin-Layer Chromatography – Amino Acids Profile



A



B

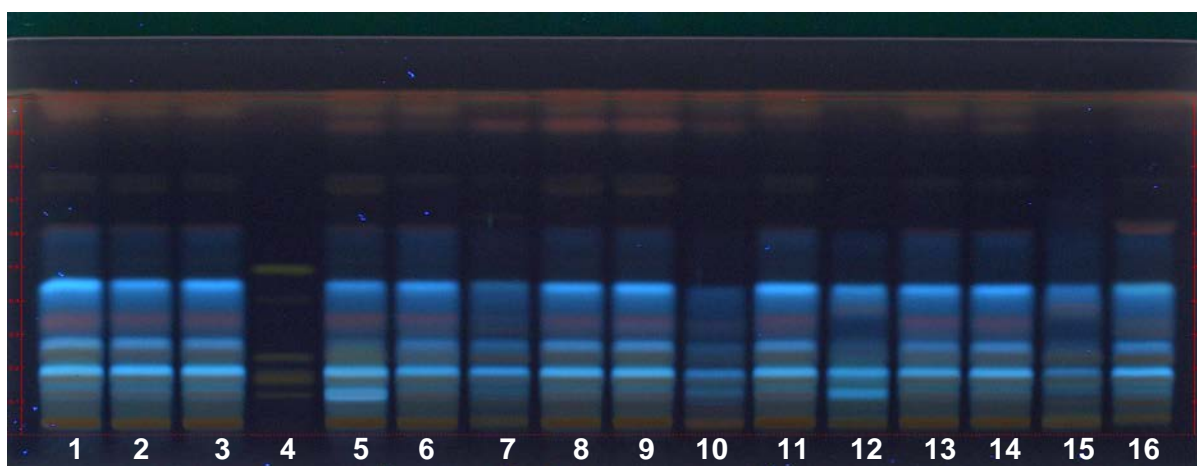
#### Typical HPTLC Chromatograms

*These chromatograms are supplied for information only*

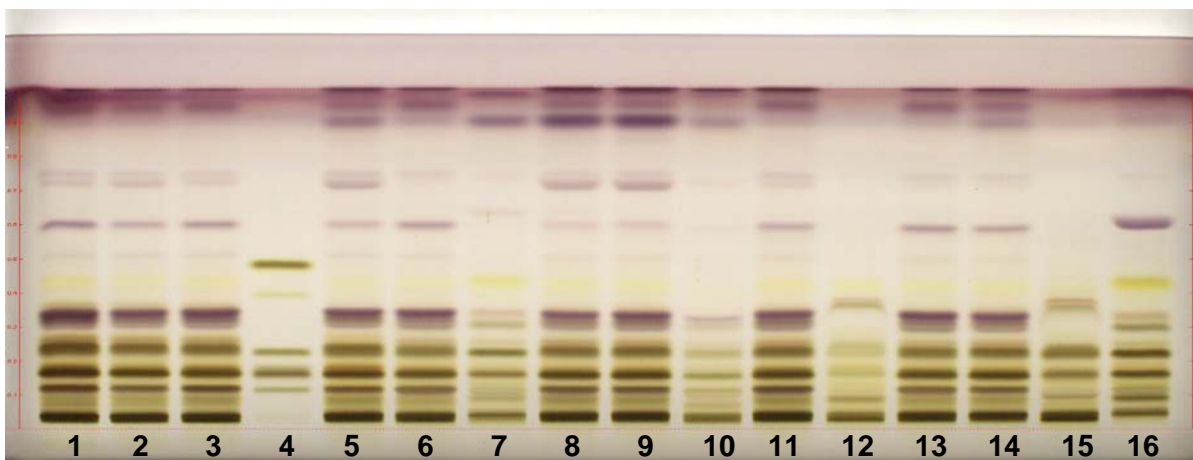
**Track assignment:** 1-3) *Trigonella foenum-graecum* Seed, commercial samples; 4) USP 4-Hydroxyisoleucine RS (0.5 mg/mL); 5-13) finished products (capsules and tablets); 14-16) liquid extracts

<b>Sample solutions:</b>	according to the monograph
<b>Standard solutions:</b>	in methanol
<b>Plate:</b>	HPTLC, Si 60 F <sub>254</sub>
<b>Saturation time:</b>	20 minutes
<b>Application volume:</b>	2 µL, as 8-mm bands
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	about 33%
<b>Temperature:</b>	25°
<b>Developing solvent system:</b>	<i>n</i> -Butanol, acetic acid, and water (7:2:1)
<b>Developing distance:</b>	6 cm
<b>Derivatization reagent:</b>	ninhydrin reagent – 0.3 g of ninhydrin, 95 mL of isopropanol, and 5 mL of glacial acetic acid
<b>Detection:</b>	derivatize, heat at 100-105° for 2 min, and examine under (A) UV light at 366 nm and (B) visible light.

### Thin-Layer Chromatography – Steroidal Saponins Profile



A



## B

### Typical HPTLC Chromatograms

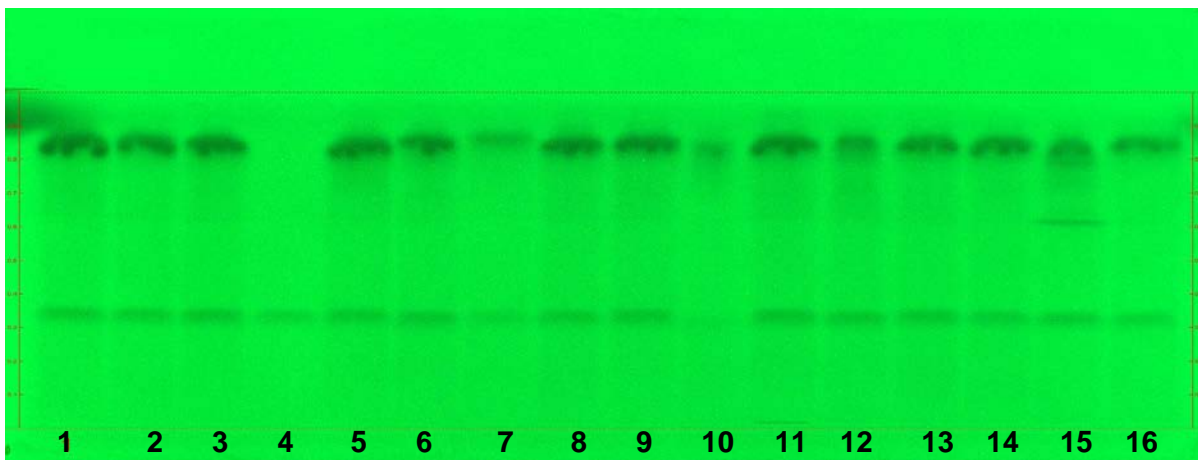
*These chromatograms are supplied for information only*

**Track assignment:** 1-3) *Trigonella foenum-graecum* Seed, commercial samples;  
 4) fructose, protogracillin, protodioscin and dioscin (two bands), 0.5 mg each/mL (with increasing  $R_F$ );  
 5-13) finished products (capsules and tablets); 14-16) liquid extracts.

<b>Sample solutions:</b>	according to the monograph
<b>Standard solutions:</b>	in methanol
<b>Plate:</b>	HPTLC, Si 60 F <sub>254</sub>
<b>Saturation time:</b>	20 minutes
<b>Application volume:</b>	2 $\mu$ L, as 8-mm bands
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	about 33%
<b>Temperature:</b>	25°
<b>Developing solvent system:</b>	chloroform, methanol and water (18:8:1)
<b>Developing distance:</b>	6 cm
<b>Derivatization reagent:</b>	anisaldehyde reagent – 85 mL of ice-cooled methanol mixed with 10 mL of glacial acetic acid, 5 mL of sulfuric acid, and 0.5 mL of <i>p</i> -anisaldehyde

**Detection:** derivatize, heat at 100° for 2-3 min, and examine under (A) UV light at 366 nm and (B) visible light

### Thin-Layer Chromatography – Presence of Trigonelline



Typical HPTLC Chromatograms

*These chromatograms are supplied for information only*

**Track assignment:** 1-3) *Trigonella foenum-graecum* Seed, commercial samples; 4) USP Trigonelline Hydrochloride RS (1.5 mg/mL); 5-13) finished products (capsules and tablets); 14-16) liquid extracts.

**Sample solutions:** according to the monograph

**Standard solutions:** in methanol

**Plate:** HPTLC, Si 60 F<sub>254</sub>

**Saturation time:** 20 minutes

**Application volume:** 4 µL, as 8-mm bands

**Relative Humidity:** about 33%

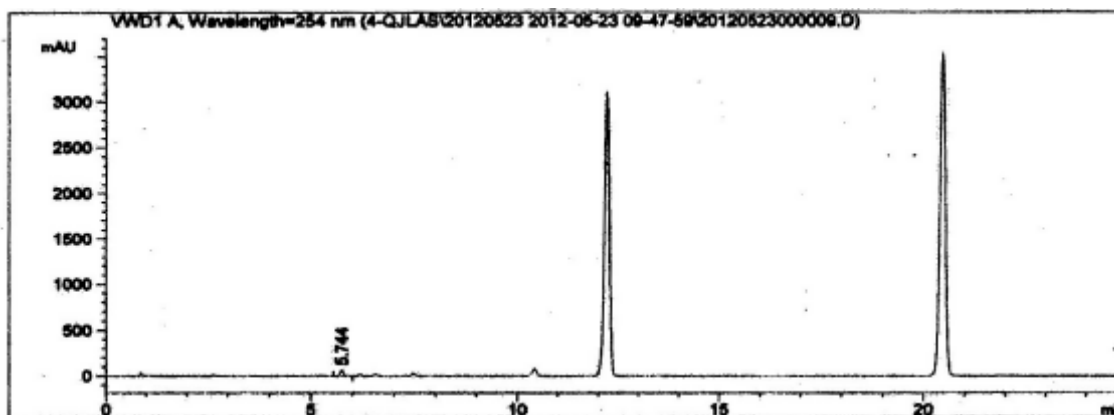
**Temperature:** 25°

**Developing solvent system:** isopropyl alcohol, methanol, and water (4:1:4)

**Developing distance:** 6 cm

**Detection:** dry, and examine under UV light at 254 nm

## HPLC (4-Hydroxyisoleucine)



Representative chromatogram of Content of 4-Hydroxyisoleucine in *Trigonella foenum-graecum* Seed

*This chromatogram is supplied for information only*

- Solution preparation:** according to the monograph
- Detector:** UV, 254 nm
- Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5- $\mu$ m packing L1 (similar to Kinetex™ C18 100 Å)
- Column temperature:** 25°±1
- Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min
- Injection volume:** 10  $\mu$ L
- Solution A:** 0.1% phosphoric acid in water
- Solution B:** Acetonitrile
- Mobile phase:** See *Table 1*

**Table 1**

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	80	20
20	40	60